## H/Algebra 2 First Semester Final Review

## Unit 1 Review

| Solve a system of equations with both substitution and elimination method. $\begin{aligned} & 2 x+3 y=-5 \\ & x-2 y=8 \end{aligned}$ <br> Answer: (2, - 3) |  |  |  | Parallel lines have $\qquad$ slopes. <br> Perpendicular lines have $\qquad$ $\qquad$ slopes. <br> If $f(x)=\frac{2}{5} x-3$, create a new function $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})$ that's perpendicular to $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ through the point $(4,-1)$ <br> Answer: $g(x)=-\frac{5}{2} x+9$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| What is the slope formula? $\qquad$ <br> a) What is the slope if the $x$-int is 4 and the $y$-int is -7 ? <br> b) What is the slope of the following chart? |  |  |  | What do $y=\|x\|, y=x, y=x^{2}, y=\sqrt{x}$ look like graphically? <br> Graph $f(x)=-3\|x+2\|-4$ using $x-y$ table. Label its transformations from parent function $y=\|x\|$ ? (Hint: 4 different transformations) <br> Answer: Desmos is your best friend=) |
| x | 3 | 5 | 7 |  |
| y | 10 | 6 | 2 |  |
| Answer: a) $\frac{7}{4}$ b) -2 |  |  |  |  |
| Cre poin Hint <br> Ans | $\begin{aligned} & \text { uatic } \\ & \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | e int | rm given two | If Mr. Ram gives a total of $\$ 100$ to Ms. Luddy for using her all lecture videos, then pays Ms. Luddy an additional $\$ 5$ for each quiz she creates for the semester, determine the function that represents the cost for Mr. Ram for using Ms Luddy's videos and $x$ amount of quizzes for the semester. <br> Answer: $f(x)=$ $\qquad$ x + $\qquad$ |

## Use the space below to write/draw key concepts/formulas/graphs for Unit 1:

## Unit 2 Review

| If a parabola has a focus of $(0,3)$ and a directrix of $y=-3$, what's the vertex and equation of the parabola? (Hint: always sketch a graph for this unit) <br> (Also practice problems with horizontal parabolas) <br> What if I give you a vertex of $(2,-1)$ and directrix of $x=5$ ? Can you write an equation? <br> Answer: V: $(0,0), y=\frac{1}{12} x^{2}$ | What is the purpose of axis of symmetry? How do you find the axis of symmetry for vertical parabolas? What about horizontal parabolas? <br> If a parabola has an axis of symmetry of $y=-2$, and there's a point on the graph at $(1,3)$, can you find another point on the graph? <br> Answer: (1, -7) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Memorize all transformations. (horizontal/vertical shift, horizontal/vertical shrink/stretch, and reflection over x \& y axis) <br> If $f(x)=2 x^{2}+3$, create a function $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})$ that first reflects over $y$-axis, then shifts left 5 , and finally vertically stretches by 4 . <br> Answer: $g(x)=8(x+5)^{2}+12$ | Vertex Formula: $\qquad$ <br> If Mr. Soria throws a football that follows a parabolic trajectory with, what does the x-value of the vertex represent in this context? <br> What about the $y$-value of the vertex? <br> Answer: Draw it out and think in terms of time and height. |
| Find out the vertex if the focus is $(3,-2)$ and the directrix is $y=8$. Then write the function $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ in standard form. <br> Answer: V: $(3,3), f(x)=-\frac{1}{20}(x-3)^{2}+3$ | Find out the x -ints and the y -int given the function $f(x)=3(x-4)(x+5)$ <br> (Graph it if you want some extra practice) <br> Answer: x-ints $(4,0) \&(-5,0)$, y-int $(0,-60)$ |

## Use the space below to write/draw key concepts/formulas/graphs for Unit 2:

## Unit 3 Review



## Use the space below to write/draw key concepts/formulas/graphs for Unit 3:

## Unit 4 Review

Create a sketch of the graph of the following function $f(x)=x(x-3)(x+2)^{2}(x+5)$

What is the end behavior of the function to the left?

| What is the degree of the function? <br> Answer: Remember Desmos? | As x approaches $\qquad$ , $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ approaches $\qquad$ <br> As x approaches $\qquad$ , ,f(x) approaches $\qquad$ <br> Can you also find the end behavior of $y=-3 x^{5}+10 x^{2}$ ? (Hint: Look at the highest degree to determine the shape, then look at the leading coefficient to determine whether the function if positive or negative) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Freebie (because it's the most simple) question: Multiply $(3 x-2)\left(x^{3}+2 x-9\right)$ <br> Answer: $3 x^{4}-2 x^{3}+6 x^{2}-31 x+18$ | Long Division (Honestly you can google it and have access to many questions for practice) <br> Write down your own long division problem and make sure you have the answer for it. <br> (Hint: Always make sure you fill in the missing terms and put the expression in descending order) |
| Is $(x-3)$ a factor of $P(x)=2 x^{4}+x^{3}-19 x^{2}-9 x+9$ ? Find out using synthetic division, then find out the rest of the solutions by rational root theorem ( $\pm \frac{p}{q}$ ) <br> Answer: $x=3,-3,-1, \frac{1}{2}$ | a) Factor by grouping $x^{3}+2 x^{2}-9 x-18$ <br> b) If $-\sqrt{ } 5 \& 7 i$ are two of the polynomial zeros, what is the least degree of the polynomial? <br> Answer: $a)(x+3)(x-3)(x+2)$ <br> b) 4th degree |

## Use the space below to write/draw key concepts/formulas/graphs for Unit 4:

## Unit 5 Review

a) Simply $81^{\frac{3}{4}}$
b) Simply $\left(125^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left(25^{\frac{2}{5}}\right)$
a) Simply $3 \sqrt{27 x^{5}}-x^{2} \sqrt{75 x}$
b) Simply and remember to rationalize the denominator if needed $\sqrt[5]{\frac{64 x}{x^{3}}}$

| Answer: a) 27, b) $5^{\frac{23}{70}}$ | Answer: a) $4 x^{2} \sqrt{3 x}$, b) $\frac{25 \sqrt[5]{x^{3}}}{x}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Solve $\sqrt{4 n+8}=\mathrm{n}+3$ <br> (hint: always check your solution) | Solve $-3+(8-2 x)^{\frac{5}{4}}=29$ |
| Answer: $\mathrm{x}=-1$ | Answer: $\mathrm{x}=-4$ |
| Solve $\sqrt{2 x-6}+3 \leq 9$ | Find the inverse of $f(x)=2 x^{5}$ |
| Hint: Consider the radicand as restricted domain. |  |
| Answer: $3 \leq x \leq 21$ | Answer: $\frac{\sqrt[5]{16 x}}{2}=g(x)$ |

## Use the space below to write/draw key concepts/formulas/graphs for Unit 5:

